

Combinatorics Seminar

Wednesday, October 25th, 2023

4:00-5:00 pm in Hume 321

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Saturation Numbers of Double Stars

Abstract

A graph G is H -saturated if G contains no copy of the graph H , but for any missing edge e of G , there exists a copy of H in $G + e$. The saturation number of the graph H , denoted by $\text{sat}(n, H)$, is the minimal number of edges among all H -saturated graphs with n vertices. A star on $a + 1$ vertices and a edges is a graph by joining one vertex (called center) to all other a vertices. In this talk, we focus on the saturation number $\text{sat}(n, S_{t+1, t+1})$, where $S_{t+1, t+1}$ is called a balanced double star obtained by adding an edge between the centers of two stars S_{t+1} . We firstly prove the new upper bound $\text{sat}(n, S_{t+1, t+1}) \leq \frac{tn}{2} + \frac{t+1}{2}$ and establish the graph achieving this upper bound. Specifically, we will determine the saturation number for $S_{t, t}$ for sufficiently large n and small t . Finally, we will also provide the upper bounds for unbalanced double stars $S_{a+1, b+1}$ where $a < b$. This is joint work with Dr. Bing Wei.